Enabling collaborative investment in sustainable infrastructure to restore catchment resilience

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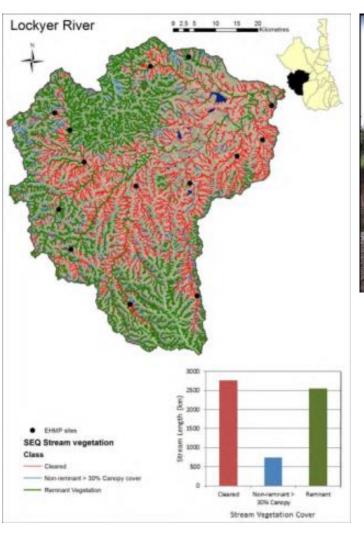


Diffuse pollution - major threat to waterways



Major sources – degraded riparian lands

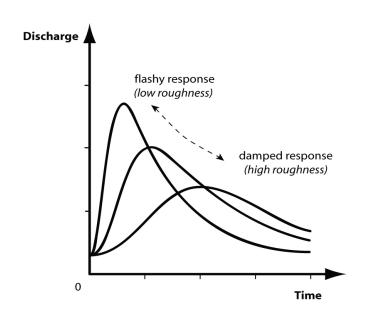
Legacy issues – clearing of catchment and riparian vegetation





Compounded by altered hydrology

- Reduced interception cleared catchment vegetation
- Flashier flows in response to intense rain events
- Concentrated flow in gullies and channels







Not just an environmental problem

Significant economic and social costs

- flood damage to infrastructure
- loss of valuable farmland
- increased costs of water treatment
- costs of dredging
- loss of water storage



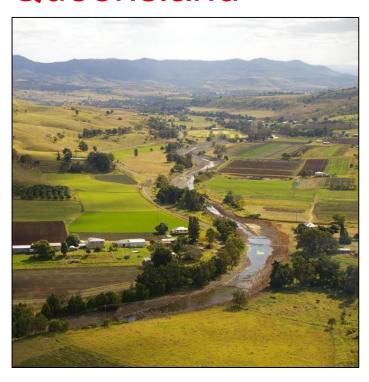
Drinking water threat for Brisbane as city escapes major flooding

JAMIE WALKER AND JARED OWENS THE AUSTRALIAN JANUARY 29, 2013 4:13PM



Need to make freshwater systems more resilient, especially in the face of climate change

Building Catchment Resilience – SE Queensland





















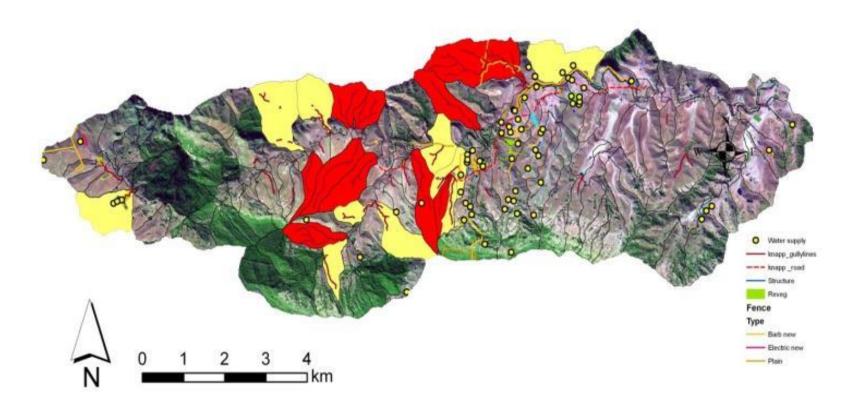




- Local and state governments interested in reducing soil loss from farms and mitigating flood risk
- Urban water utility interested in nitrogen offsets
- Port Authority interested in reducing dredging costs
- Water supply utility interested in reducing costs of potable water treatment
- NGO and others interested in reducing threats to coastal ecosystems

Requires targeted investment

Spatial problem – often, most of the pollution comes from a small proportion of the channel network



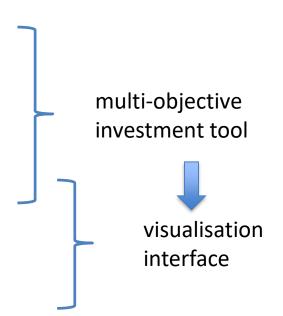
Red areas: ~10% catchment area, ~60% sediment supply Yellow areas: ~10% catchment area; ~20% sediment supply

Challenges ...

Our project:

How to:

- choose what actions where?
- optimize investment?
- reach consensus?
- build confidence?



Multi-objective restoration planning

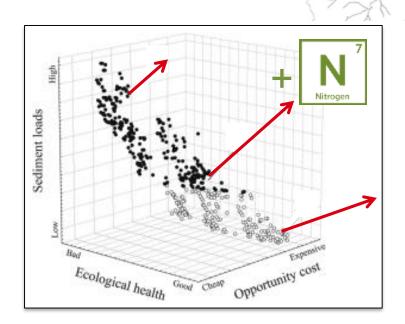
How to:

choose what actions where?

 optimize investment to maximum benefits for least cost



restore gullies





Hermoso et al. (2015). Ecological Modelling 316, 168–175.

Visual interface



Visualize the outcomes of different scenarios

Engage communities - explore scenarios

What actions can we take?

- altered fire and/or grazing regimes in the upper catchment
- increased channel/riparian roughness (riparian restoration; in-stream leaky weirs; farm dams)
- increased floodplain connectivity (ponding water)



Quantify costs/benefits, e.g.:

- Reduced flood impact
- Improved water quality (sediment, denitrification)
- Improved stream health
- Carbon sequestration

Questions?



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www.water-future.org