

# **Business innovations in sanitation for refugees settlements in East Africa**

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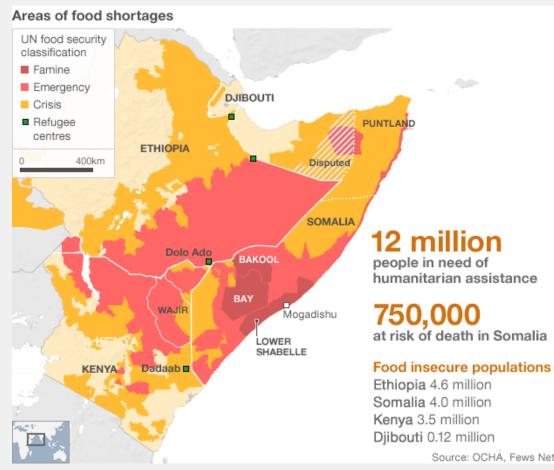






# Sub-Saharan Africa generates and hosts the world's largest refugee population...

- Over 4 million refugees hosted in region (2015), eq. to 25% of total refugee population under UNHCR.
- More than 50% (2.7 million) were hosted in <u>the East and Horn of Africa</u> region (UNHCR 2016).
- Kenya hosts 554,000 refugees of which more than 60% was female and 70% children (UNHCR 2016).
- Refugee populations exponentially increasing due to continued civil and political unrest in neighbouring countries!

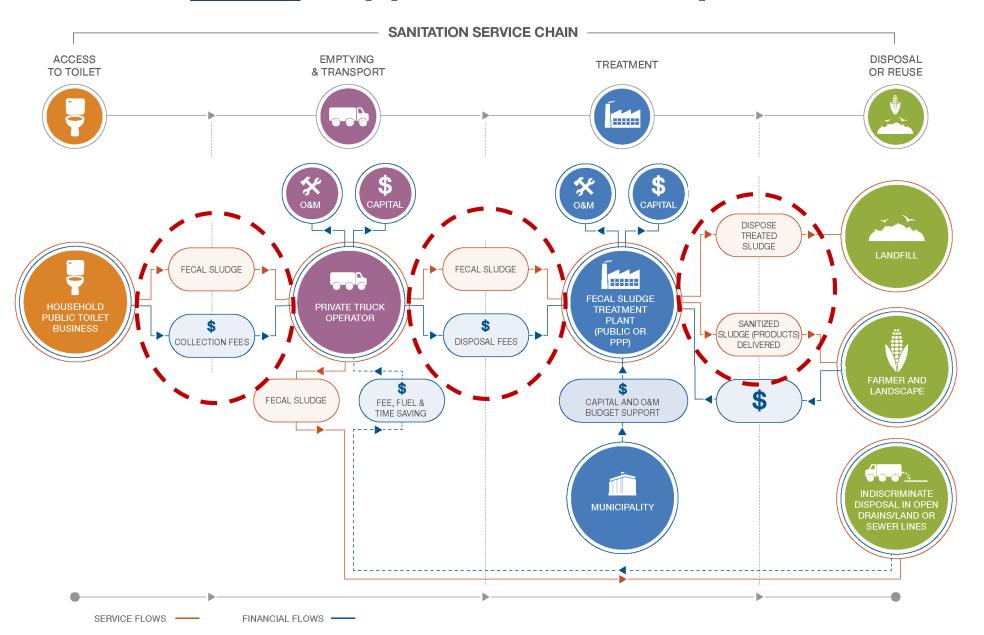




### The Challenge we face...



### What <u>really</u> happens when the pit is full?









### Here comes the sludge!

- Less than 10% of wastewater in the region finds a sewer and even less gets treated.
- Pit latrines dominate in refugee settlements and most host communities, but without treatment plants, this is what happens when the pit is full.
- Thousands of tons of organic human waste, rich in carbon, nutrients and energy "wasted" daily → missed opportunity!



## Dwindling resources in refugee settlements and host communities!

- Extreme population pressure →
  competition for soil, land, water
  and wood energy.
- Increased soil fertility depletion, water shortage and deforestation.
- Gender-specific challenges to access alternative resources → greater food insecurity and poorer livelihoods.
- Circular thinking offers solutions linking sanitation and natural resource management!





Circularity – a game changer for sanitation:

. Key requirements:

• unNeed the right afe organic fertilizer or energy technology and business briquettes.
 • Sales and cost recovery in

One that can recover
 opex or even capex, and
 avoid waste disposal

 Cat COSTS mall business
 creation with great potential for rebuilding livelihoods of women and youth.



#### Case Example: Sanivation, Kenya

- Sanivation installs modern containerbased toilets for free and charge a monthly fee to service them.
- Convert collected waste into costeffective, clean fuel (briquettes).
- User-focused, and vertically integrated sanitation services covers entire sanitation value chain.
- License model to refugee camps –
  work with implementing partners to
  design, build, and train local staff and
  refugees.
- Catalyze policy development 2016 Envt. Health and Sanitation Policy (achieve universal access to basic sanitation, while prioritizing technologies with greater emphasis on RRR and safely managed sanitation systems).



## Social enterprises in waste-based energy production

- Scale: Small (<300T/ year) and medium (300–1,500 T/year).
- Investment cost: USD 30 450K (depending on scale).
- Organization type: Private or cooperative, PPP.
- High replication potential: no sophisticated financing and technology requirements.
- Beneficial to women and youth using fuel with less indoor air pollution than firewood; time savings for girls in fuel collection which can be used for education.







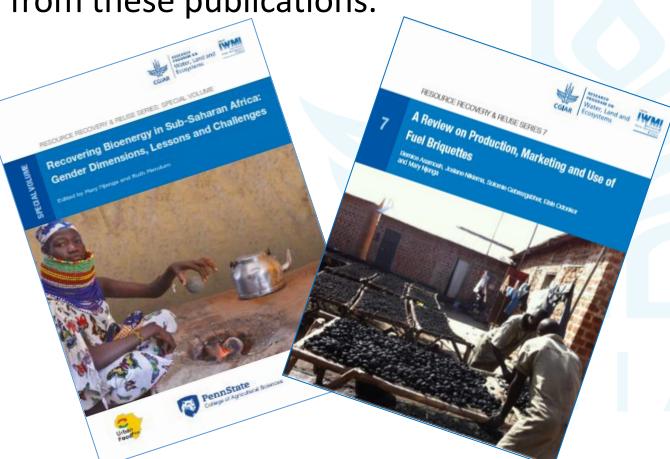
### **Conclusions**

- Resource recovery and reuse is as relevant in refugee settlements as in host communities, although the enabling environment might only be emerging.
- With economic and social benefits, financial gains should not be ignored.
- Support implementation and scaling of gender-responsive RRR options.
- Community-based pilots established, analysed for viability and scaling potential.
- Particular attention to roles and technology preferences of men, women and youth in RRR product production.
- Build stakeholders' capacities on technologies and business strategies.





The case studies were selected from these publications.





## Thank you.























