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A critical evaluation of selected Persistent Inorganic and Organic Pollutants in the hydrological system

A case study on Keoladeo National Park (KNP), a UNESCO World Heritage Site in India

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Main and specific objectives



Consolidation of data on persistent inorganic and organic pollutants in the hydrological systems in and around Keoladeo National Park (KNP), Bharatpur, India

- Do toxic metals in the hydrosphere compartments show a temporal scale pattern?
- How do organo-chlorine and organo-phosphate pesticide residues in different hydrological compartments persist over time?

Expected outcome



- Knowledge base on persistent chemical residues in the KNP and its neighbouring satellite wetlands
 - Source and concentration of toxic metals, organo-chlorines and organo-phosphates in water and soil, and their decadal trend, if any.
 - Flux of these chemical residues into KNP from the surrounding landscape including the rivers or water inflow, etc.
- Agro-chemical use: Shift (decadal) in
 - Time of use
 - Frequency of use
 - Application rate
- Influencing factors (meteorological data), which affect these chemicals influx into the hydrological system
 - Decadal changes?

Data Availability and Access



Aspects	Hydrosphere	Potential source			
	(compartment)				
Meteorological aspects		•	India Meteorological Department (IMD), Jaipur		
(Rainfall, temperature)		•	Department of Water Resources, Government of		
			Rajasthan (GoR), India		
Water input to KNP	Water	•	Irrigation Department, Bharatpur		
		•	Office of The Director, KNP		
Area and site features	Satellite wetlands	•	Department of Water Resources (GoR)		
Water availability	and watershed (river				
	basins in the area)				
Agrochemical usage	Land	•	District Statistical Handbook (GoR)		
	(application in	•	Earlier survey reports by the Project investigator.		
	farmland)				
Toxic metals	Water and soil	•	Published and unpublished research articles and		
Organochlorines	Water and soil		reports		
Organophosphates	Water and soil	•	Earlier project reports and publications of the		
			Project Investigator & his team, and other		
			researchers in India		
Any of the above pollutants	Strategic locations /	•	Environmental samples will be collected and the		
	aspects		pollutants will be measured following standard		
			analytical methods.		

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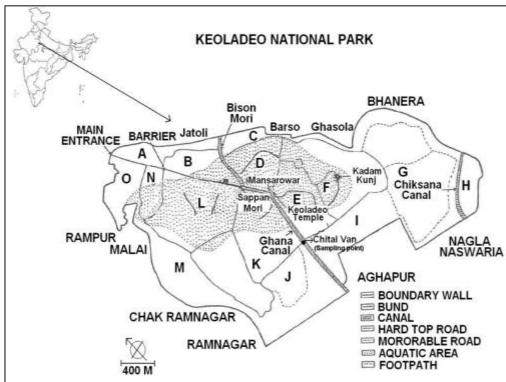
Contribution to UNESCO's main project



By plugging the data gaps on persistent pollutants in hydrological systems from one of the representative

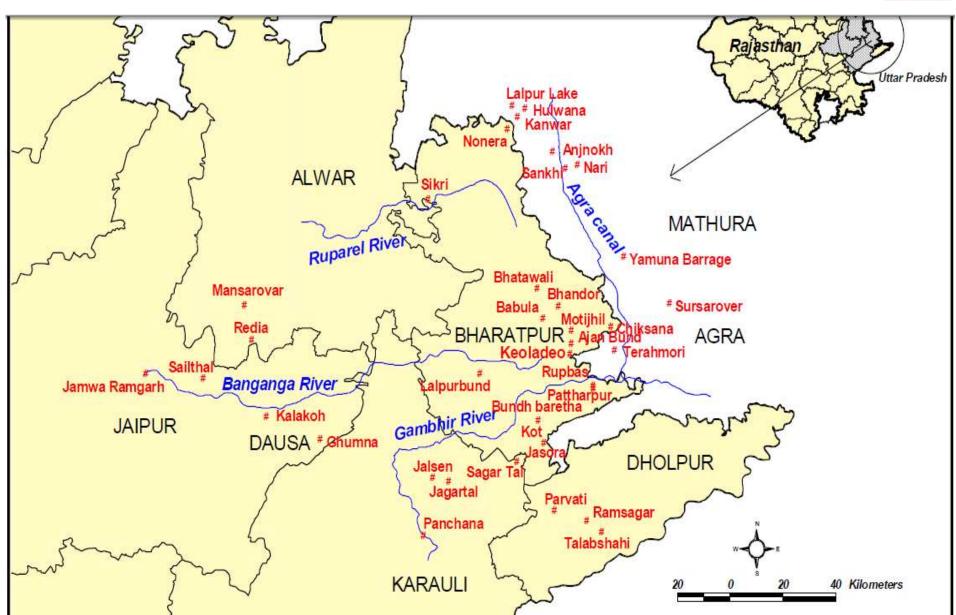
- Habitats of South Asia
- UNESCO World Heritage Sites

Year	Ecological causalities
1987- 1988	18 Sarus cranes 50 Collared doves
1989- 1990	Few Blue Rock Pigeons
2003- 2005	Proliferation of water hyacinth
2005- 2006	Invasion of <i>Clarias gaeripineus</i>
23-11- 2000	15 Sarus cranes and 03 Common cranes



Location of KNP and satellite wetlands





Wetlands Pattharpura	July	Aug Se _l	o Oct	Nov	Dec J	lan Fel	March	Apr	Мау	June	Species 18	Size (km²) 0.5	8848
Bhandor											16	1	180
Nonera											55	1	
Kanwar											12	1	Satellite
Jasora											37	1	wetlende end
Babula											14	2	wetlands and
Lalpurbandh											20	2	their
Rupbas											19	2	
Anjnokh							_				17	2	hydrological
Hulwana											15	2	details
Talabshahi											36	2	
Bhatawali											6	3	(located
Nari											37	3	within 200
Sagartal											22	3	
Jalsen											9	4	km from KNP
Sankhi											20	4	
Sursarover											48	5	in order of
Ghumna											20	5	their
Lalpur							_				24	5	
Kot								_			57	5	increasing
Ramsagar											35 43	6	distance from
Yamuna barrage											25	6 7	
Motijhil Senthal				-							25 24	7	KNP)
Sentnai Chiksana											10	8	
Redia bundh				-							45	8	
kalakhoh											5 4	10	
Jagartal											48	10	
Mansarover											45	10	
Jamwa Ramgarh											17	12	
Baretha Bundh											63	12	
Ajan Bundh											21	12	
Panchana											32	14	
Parvati											40	70	

- Various toxic chemicals being used in the farmlands
 - Endosulfan
 - Aldrine
 - 2,4-D
 - Cypermethrine
 - Other Organochlorines and
 - Organophosphates







Agrochemicals usage rate (% increase)

- •25% (cereals and oilseed crops)
- 108% (vegetable crops)









Expected POP residues

	8	0.21
<	20	8
	5	800

Sl. No.	POP	Group	SI. No.	POP	Group
1	α- HCH	ОС	17	DDT	ОС
2	β- НСН	ОС	18	Benzene hexachloride	OC
3	ү- НСН	ОС	19	Dicofol	ОС
4	δ- НСН	ОС	20	Lindane	OC
5	S- HCH	ОС	21	Phorate	ОР
6	Aldrin	ОС	22	Acephate	ОР
7	Dieldrin	ОС	23	Dimethoate	ОР
8	Heptachlor	ОС	24	Profenofos	OP
9	Hept. Epoxide	ОС	25	Cypermethrin	Pyrethreoids
10	Endosulphan- I	ОС	26	Fipronil	Phenylpyrazole
11	Endlosulphan- II	ОС	27	Carbendazim	Benzimidazole carbamate
12	Endosulphate	ОС	28	Mancozeb	Dithiocarbamate
13	S- Endosulphan	ОС	29	Chlordane	Cyclodiene (OC)
14	Endrin	ОС	30	Dichlorvos	ОР
15	4,4' –DDE	ос	31	Acetamiprid	Neonicotinoid
16	4,4'- DDD	OC	32	2,4-D	ОР

Reported OC residues



POP	2014	2010
α -BHC	٧	V
β- ВНС	٧	٧
Υ-BHC	V	V
δ- BHC	V	V
Heptachlor	٧	V
Aldrin	V	V
Heptachlor epoxide	V	V
α -Chlordane	V	
Υ -Chlordane	V	
Dieldrin	V	V
4,4'-DDD	V	V
4,4'-DDT	V	V
4,4'-DDE	٧	V
Endosulfan-I		V
Endosulfan-II		٧
Endo.sulfate		V
Endrin		V



It is just the beginning of data synthesis (case study development)

Much more to come.....

Thanks.